

...this terrorism was directed against not only individuals, but against nations, against not only hostile nations, but those with which Germany was officially at peace. Its system of espionage, corruption and violence, extended over the world. It was exemplified by the plots carried out in this country under direction of the government for the destruction of munition plants and ships before the United States entered the war, and by the efforts of the German government to embroil this country, then neutral in war with Japan and Mexico. No capital of Europe was free from German secret agents in the years preceding the war, and the nations lived in growing dread of the huge military machine which Germany was building up, to the accompaniment of the emperor's boastings of the "shining sword" and German toasts to "der tag" in voices which echoed around the world.

End of The War.

The virtual ending of this greatest of conflicts has come with dramatic swiftness. Four months ago today the German military power apparently was at its height. The unchecked forces of the enemy had battered their way through the French and British lines until Paris was in danger and the British were fighting with their backs to the wall to prevent themselves from being forced to the sea. Late in July the world was thrilled with the news of an allied counter-attack between the Aisne and the Marne. The Germans were hurled back along the whole sector and since that day the victorious progress of the allies has been maintained.

Various causes have contributed to this reversal. The entrance of America into the struggle, with her vast resources of men and materials, is conceded by the allies to have turned the scale. One of the most important effects of this country's act was the heartening to an enormous extent of the wearied allied nations and a corresponding deterioration of German morale. Exhaustion of German raw material and years of semi-starvation assisted in the process of beating down the enemy to a submissive frame of mind. It is also significant that the establishment of unquestioned allied supremacy in the field almost synchronized with the unification of military control and the appointment of general, now marshal, Foch to the post of supreme command. Military commentators without exception lay stress upon the importance of single leadership and the genius of Foch in stemming and finally turning the tide.

Great Leaders in War.

Among the individual leaders, aside from Foch whose names stand out most prominently, are Marshal Joffre, who saved France in her darkest days of the summer of 1914; Field Marshal Haig, the British commander; General Petain, at the head of the French forces; General Diaz, who on the Italian front beat back last summer's great Austrian offensive, and later tore the Austrian armies to pieces in a few weeks, and General Pershing.

On the German side are Field Marshal von Hindenburg, a comparative-

job of the United War workers will come with it.

Peoples' Governments Established

Peoples' governments have been established in the greater part of Berlin and in other cities of the kingdom and empire. Leipzig, Stuttgart, Cologne, Essen and Frankfurt have joined the revolution. In Berlin there has been some fighting between the revolutionists and reactionaries in which several persons were killed or wounded. The palace of the crown prince has been taken over by the revolutionists. "Long live the republic," and the singing of the Marseillaise have been heard in the streets of Berlin.

Friedrich Ebert, the socialist leader, has been appointed imperial chancellor and has issued a proclamation saying that it is his purpose to form a peoples' government which will endeavor to bring about a speedy peace.

Meanwhile the terms of the allies by which Germany may have an armistice reached German headquarters by courier.

On the battle front yesterday the Germans everywhere continued to suffer defeat at the hands of the British, French and American forces.

In the north Marshal Haig's forces had driven the enemy beyond the Franco-Belgian frontier south of the Sambre canal and now are almost within gun range of Brussels. The Germans were showing stiffer resistance with rear guards, but nevertheless the British were overcoming these efforts and pushing forward. Large quantities of supplies, including much rolling stock, have fallen into the hands of the British.

Likewise the French were still in pursuit of the enemy, but before them the German retreat seemed to be somewhat disorganized. The enemy was abandoning guns and supplies of all descriptions, and in some instances entire railroad trains were left behind. All the enemy's lines of communication now have been captured, except the road leading northward from Metz.

General Pershing's troops continued to make progress on both sides of the Meuse river, and the American second army launched an attack west of the Moselle river and gained its objectives. On the Meuse the town of Steynay has been captured by the Americans after violent opposition. In the Moselle sector several woods and heights have been cleared of the enemy by the Americans, including the Bois de Wakille, from the northern fringes of which the German fortress of Metz is only ten miles distant.

PARIS, Nov. 11. (Havas)—During revolutionary disorders at Cologne a crowd tried to demolish with machine gun fire a statue of William II, but finally contented itself by muffling up the statue and placing upon it a card inscribed "a good journey." It is reported that Prince Henry of Prussia has fled to Denmark.

Read the Classified Ads.

job of the United War workers will come with it.

And the nearer it comes, the MORE YOU MUST GIVE to support the efforts of these seven societies, (Red Cross not included.)

When the whistles blow, announcing the war finished and won by the Allies, don't expect Bill and Jim to be home for breakfast the next morning. It took Uncle Sam a long time to get his boys "over there," and it will take many months to bring them back.

We must make the period of demobilization just as fine, as helpful and as safe as good American dollars can

This is not only our duty---it's a privilege---one we should be proud to avail ourselves of.

The very thought of our boys "over there," covered with glory and honor, being blessed with the joys, comforts and benefits of the next thing to HOME---the United War Workers' huts and attention--will start the red blood from the heart of every American, and he will not be satisfied until he has signed a pledge to support the beneficent work of these seven great organizations with ALL THE MONEY HE CAN SPARE.

Is yours an American heart?

UNITED WAR WORK CAMPAIGN

